ZHENGZHOU YOTO TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD

Safety Data Sheet

PET

Version: V2.0.0.1

Report No.: PET-01M-EN Creation Date: 2023/05/12 Revision Date: 2023/05/12

*Prepared according to UN GHS (the 9th revised edition)

1 Identification

| Product identifier

Product Name	PET
Product Model	PET
Cat No.	PET
CAS No.	Not applicable
EC No.	Not applicable
Molecular Formula	Not applicable

Recommended use of the product and restrictions on use

•	
Relevant identified uses	Please consult manufacturer.
Uses advised against	Please consult manufacturer.

Details of the supplier

Name of the company	ZHENGZHOU YOTO TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD
Address of the company	No.86 North Jingsan Road, JinShui Dist, Zhengzhou city, Henan Province
Post code	450000
Telephone number	0371-6099 6909
Fax number	Not have
E-mail address	Not have

| Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number 0371-6099 6909

2 Hazard(s) identification

| Hazard classification according to GHS

According to GHS system (9th revised edition), not classified as a hazardous chemical.

GHS Label elements

Hazard pictograms	Not applicable
Signal word	Not applicable

Ha

azard statements	
Hazard statements	Not applicable

| Precautionary statements

Prevention

→ Prevention		
	Prevention	Not applicable
Response		
	Response	Not applicable
Storage		
	Storage	Not applicable
Disposal		

• Biopodai

Disposal Not applicable

Hazard description

Physical and chemical hazards

	No information available
Health hazards	
Inhaled	Inhalation of the product may produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract following discomfort.
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the product may be harmful to the health of the individual.
Skin Contact	Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.
Eye	This product may cause temporary discomfort following direct contact with the eye.
 Environmental hazards 	

Please refer to 12th chapter of SDS.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Component	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration (wt, %)
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediylox ycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenec arbonyl)	25038-59-9	607-507-1	70 ~ 80
Polyurethane foams	9009-54-5	618-449-1	20 ~ 25
Silicon dioxide	7631-86-9	231-545-4	1 ~ 10

4 First-aid measures

| Description of first aid measures

General advice	Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet (SDS) to the doctor in attendance.
Eye contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.
Skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately. Wash off with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician if feel uncomfortable.

Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately.
Inhalation	Move victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician immediately.
Protecting of first-aiders	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the substance involved. Take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Substance accumulation, in the human body, may occur and may cause some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- 1 Treat symptomatically.
- 2 Symptoms may be delayed.

Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media	Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.

Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- 1 Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapor possible in the event of fire.
- 2 May expansion or decompose explosively when heated or involved in fire.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.
- 2 Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover.
- 3 Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
- 2 Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
- 3 Use personal protective equipment, do not breathe dust/fume.

Environmental precautions

- 1 Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
- 2 Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- 1 Cut off the source of the leak as much as possible.
- 2 Keep leaks in a ventilated place.
- 3 Isolation of contaminated areas and restrictions on access.
- 4 It is recommended that emergency personnel wear dust masks.
- 5 Collect the spill with a clean shovel and place it in a clean, dry, loosely closed container and move the container

away from the leak.

6 Adhered or collected material should be promptly disposed of, in accordance with appropriate laws and regulations.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- 1 Handling is performed in a well ventilated place.
- 2 Wear suitable protective equipment.
- 3 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
- 4 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/ hot surfaces.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- 1 Keep containers tightly closed.
- 2 Keep containers in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place.
- 3 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.
- 4 Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

| Control parameters

Component	Country/Region Limit value - Eight hours		- Eight hours	Limit value - Short term	
		ppm	mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediylo xycarbonyl-1,4-phenylen ecarbonyl)	Latvia	-	5	-	-
Silicon dioxide	South Korea	-	10	-	-
	New Zealand	-	1	-	-
	Ireland	-	6	-	-
	Germany (AGS)	-	4	-	-
	Denmark	-	2	-	4
	Australia	-	2	-	-

Biological limit values

Biological limit values | No relevant regulations

Monitoring methods

- 1 EN 14042 Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.
- 2 GBZ/T 300 series standard Determination of toxic substances in workplace air.

Engineering controls

- Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.
 Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
 - 4 Set up emergency exit and necessary risk-elimination area.

| Personal protection equipment

General requirement	
Eye protection	In general situation, eye protection is not needed. In the production process, when contacting with vapour or dust, tightly fitting safety goggles.
Hand protection	In general situation, hand protection is not needed.
Respiratory protection	In general situation, respiratory protection is not needed. If exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced, wear dust proof mask or gas defence mask.
Skin and body protection	In general situation, skin and body protection are not needed.

9 Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

| Physical and chemical properties

Thyorous and onomious proposition		
Translucent film		
Translucent film		
No special odor		
No information available		
Not soluble in water, no pH value		
No information available		
No information available		
Not applicable		
Not applicable		
No information available		
Upper limit: No information available; Lower limit: No information available		
Not applicable		
Not applicable		
No information available		
Not applicable		
No information available		

10 Stability and reactivity

| Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition or other chemical reactions.
Chemical stability	Stable under proper operation and storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No information available.
Conditions to avoid	Incompatible materials, heat, flame and spark.

Incompatible materials

Active metal, alcohols, aldehydes, carbon disulfide, carbon, sulfur, phosphorus, boron, reducing agents, metallic acetylenes and metallic carbonates.

Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11 Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity | No information available

Carcinogenicity

Component	List of carcinogens by the IARC Monographs	Report on Carcinogens by NTP
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediylox ycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenec arbonyl)	Not Listed	Not Listed
Polyurethane foams	Category 3	Not Listed
Silicon dioxide	Category 3	Not Listed

Others

	PET
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Serious eye damage/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Skin sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Respiratory sensitization	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-single exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
STOT-repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Reproductive toxicity(additional)	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

12 Ecological information

| Acute aquatic toxicity

Component	Fish	Crustaceans	Algae
Silicon dioxide	No information available	EC ₅₀ : > 5000mg/L (48h)(Crustaceans)	No information available

| Chronic aquatic toxicity

Chronic aquatic toxicity | No information available

| Persistence and degradability

Component	Persistence (water/soil)	Persistence (air)	
Silicon dioxide	Low	Low	

| Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulative potential	Comments	
Silicon dioxide	Low	Log Kow=0.5294	

| Mobility in soil

Component	Mobility in soil	Soil Organic Carbon-Water Partitioning Coefficient (Koc)
Silicon dioxide	Low	23.74

| Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Component	Results of PBT and vPvB assessment [according to (EC) No 1907/2006]
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediylox ycarbonyl-1,4-phenylenec arbonyl)	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
Polyurethane foams	Insufficient information, temporarily unable to evaluate
Silicon dioxide	Not PBT/vPvB

13 Disposal considerations

| Disposal considerations

Waste chemicals	Before disposal should refer to the relevant national and local laws and regulation. Recommend the use of incineration disposal.
Contaminated packaging	Containers may still present chemical hazard when empty. Keep away from hot and ignition source of fire. Return to supplier for recycling if possible.
Disposal recommendations	Refer to section waste chemicals and contaminated packaging.

Transport information

Label and Mark

Transporting	Label	Not applicable

| IMDG-CODE

IMDG-CODE NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

IATA-DGR

IATA-DGR NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

UN-ADR

UN-ADR NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

15 Regulatory information

| International chemical inventory

Component	EC	TSCA	DSL	IECSC	NZIoC	PICCS	KECI	AIIC	ENCS
	inventory								
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediy loxycarbonyl-1,4-phen ylenecarbonyl)	×	√	V	√	√	√	V	V	√

Polyurethane foams	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
Silicon dioxide	V	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	√

[EC inven

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

tory]

[TSC A] United States Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory

[DSL] Canadian Domestic Substances List

[IECS CL.

China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

C] [NZIo

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals

C] [PIC

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

CS] [KECI

Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

[AIIC]

Australian. Inventory of Industrial Chemical (AIIC)

[ENC S]

Japan Inventory of Existing & New Chemical Substances

Note:

" $\sqrt{}$ " Indicates that the substance included in the regulations.

"x" No data or not included in the regulations.

16 Other information

| Information on revision

Creation Date	2023/02/22
Revision Date	2023/02/22
Reason for revision	-

Reference

- [1] IPCS: The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home。
- [2] IARC, website: http://www.iarc.fr/。
- [3] OECD: The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances, website: https://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/substancesearch/index.action。
- [4] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple.
- [5] NLM: ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp.
- [6] EPA: Integrated Risk Information System, website: http://cfpub.epa.gov/iris/。
- [7] U.S. Department of Transportation: ERG, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg。
- [8] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://gestis-en.itrust.de/。

Abbreviations and acronyms

CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service	UN	The United Nations
PC-STEL	Short term exposure limit	OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
PC-TWA	Time Weighted Average	IMDG- CODE	International Maritime Dangerous Goods CODE
MAC	Maximum Allowable Concentration	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level	ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration	IATA	International Air Transportation Association
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
LC ₅₀	Lethal Concentration 50%	NFPA	National Fire Protection Association
LD_{50}	Lethal Dose 50%	NTP	National Toxicology Program
EC ₅₀	Effective Concentration 50%	PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic
EC_X	Effective Concentration X%	vPvB	very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative
P_{OW}	Partition coefficient Octanol: Water	CMR	Carcinogens, mutagens or substances toxic to reproduction

BCF Bioconcentration factor RPE Respiratory Protective Equipment

ED Endocrine disruptor

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) was prepared according to UN GHS (the 9th revised edition). The data included was derived from international authoritative database and provided by the enterprise. Other information was based on the present state of our knowledge. We try to ensure the correctness of all information. However, due to the diversity of information sources and the limitations of our knowledge, this document is only for user's reference. Users should make their independent judgment of suitability of this information for their particular purposes. We do not assume responsibility for loss, damage or expense arising out of or in any way connected with the handling, storage, use or disposal of the product.